

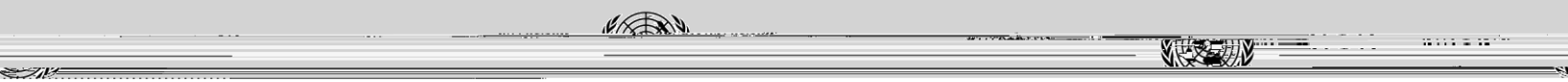


8-9 SEPTEMBER 2022

UN HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK

M b b b b b b a b a b b b b b

For the latest information about the programme, including biographies of all panelists and



Mr. Pascal Kober

<p>16:15 – 17:15</p>	<p><i>girl victims who tend to be the largest group of victims of this kind of violence. Victims of sexual violence perpetrated by members of terrorist groups have an added layer of vulnerability which often results in stigmatization and secondary victimization, and they may struggle to speak about their experience and refuse to seek help and access to justice as a consequence, as it can leave them isolated and shamed by their communities. This session will focus on conflict-related sexual violence perpetrated by members of terrorist groups and discuss the efforts of Member States and the international community to address it. It will also highlight the essential role of specialized CSOs in this work.</i></p> <p>Moderator Mr. Tonderai Chikuhwa</p> <p>Panelists Ms. Grace Acan Ms. Sarab Elias Ms. Zenaida Machado-Ezinteje Ms. Adejoké Babington-Ashaye</p> <p>Questions and observations from the floor <i>Three-minute pre-registered interventions</i></p>
<p>[CR.4 PARALLEL SESSION]</p>	<p>Breakout session 2 B: Terrorist attacks based on xenophobia, racism, and other forms of intolerance, or in the name of religion or belief (XRIRB)</p>
<p>16:10 – 17:10</p>	<p><i>The growing threat of terrorist attacks based on XRIRB, while not a new phenomenon, is of increasing international concern, especially in regard to the protection and support of victims of such attacks. While further data is required as to the full scope and nature of this type of violence, some UN Member States are now considering this to be the fastest growing or even most prominent domestic security threat they face. This session will highlight the discussions among the international community about the need to address new and emerging forms of terrorism, including XRIRB. It will address the specific challenges that victims face in the aftermath of</i></p>



Day 2, Friday 9 September 2022

CR.1 PLENARY

Session 3:

Mr. Nicholas Rasmussen

[CR.4 PARALLEL] SESSION	Session 5: Rehabilitation, assistance and support
12:00 – 13:00	<p><i>Assistance and support refers to the provision of material, medical, psychological, and social assistance and rehabilitation, as well as related services, to victims of terrorism. The Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy details the need to provide capacity-building support to Member States to assist them in protecting and promoting the rights of victims of terrorism and supporting their needs. This has been repeatedly reaffirmed in resolutions and reports, most recently in General Assembly resolution 73/305 on the “Enhancement of International Cooperation to Assist Victims of Terrorism” (A/RES/73/305). This session will explore the multi- and interdisciplinary measures required to secure holistic treatment for victims from the immediate aftermath of an attack to the longer term. This session will also discuss best practices in the development of national comprehensive assistance plans as called for in General Assembly resolution 73/305.</i></p>
	<p>Moderator</p> <p>Ms. Katarzyna Janicka-Pawlowska,</p>
	<p>Panelists</p> <p>Ms. Iman Abdullah Hamad Ms. Laura Dolci, Mr. Parfait Kari Wadjoré</p> <p>Prof. Rivka Tuval Mashiach</p> <p>Ms. Julienne Lusenge</p>
	<p>Questions and observations from the floor</p> <p><i>Three-minute pre-registered interventions</i></p>
[CR.1 PARALLEL] SESSION]	“Memories” film premiere and interactive discussion



16:20 – 17:35	<p><i>The right to reparation under international law applies to all persons who have suffered harm as the result of a terrorist act without discrimination. This session will address the existing framework on reparations and outline how reparations may include monetary compensation, return of property, rehabilitation, medical support, victims' services centres, or symbolic measures such as apologies or memorials. It will highlight the important role of civil society and non-governmental organizations, detail best practices for State-funded compensation schemes, particularly those independent from trial outcomes, and highlight the importance of equitable compensation for victims with additional vulnerabilities and needs.</i></p>
	<p>Moderator</p> <p>Mr. Edward J. Flynn,</p> <p>Panelists</p> <p>Dr. Fatima Ali Haider</p> <p>Mr. Hassan Ndugwa</p> <p>Ms. Esther Dingemans</p> <p>(TBC)</p>

