



responses, can engage a broader range of stakeholders and enter spaces that may be restricted by cultural and religious sensitivities. Enhancing women's participation in law enforcement can increase the effectiveness of early warning and identification of threats, as well as improve community engagement initiatives.

As requested by resolutions 2242 (2015) , it is important to assess the differential impact of counter-terrorism strategies on women and women's human rights. Women can be affected differently by certain counter-terrorism policies and practices (e.g. research has demonstrated that counter-terrorism financing laws affect women differently in places where their access to the formal banking sector is limited and they rely on alternative remittance systems).

In accordance with resolutions 2242 (2015) and 2395 (2017), CTED continues to strengthen its focus on the gender dimensions of its efforts to assist Member States to counter terrorism, including with respect to prevention, interdiction and response, prosecution, rehabilitation and reintegration. In its interactions with Governments and civil society, CTED continues to integrate gender perspectives, including by inquiring into engagement by States with women and girls in aspects of their implementation of resolutions 1373 (2001), 1624 (2005) and 2178 (2014) and into good practices and technical assistance needs, in the knowledge that women and girls can contribute an expanded range of insights, expertise and experience. CTED also integrates gender perspectives into its country assessment activities conducted on behalf of the Committee. In some cases, this has been done through the participation of UN-Women in the assessment team. CTED also co-chairs the UN Global Counter-Terrorism Coordination Compact Working Group on Gender.

CTED's technical guide to the implementation of Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) and other relevant resolutions reflects the ongoing work of CTED to strengthen efforts to integrate the gender dimension into counter-terrorism measures.