





clinics) in which procedures that generate aerosols are performed, airborne transmission is possible and this is an ongoing area of study.

Studies show that an infected/ill person who wears a medical mask<sup>1</sup> can prevent the spread of infectious droplets from that infected person to someone else. WHO<sup>7</sup> states that at present there is only indirect evidence for the use of masks by healthy individuals in the wider community and will provide more update as information becomes available. However, given a multitude of factors, the WHO has updated its guidance to advise that to prevent COVID-19 transmission effectively in areas of community transmission, governments should encourage the general public to wear masks in specific situations and settings as part of a comprehensive approach to suppress transmission.

### Universal/Standard Precautions for UN Personnel Working in Non-Health Care Settings

Use of PPE or masks is insufficient



